

DATE:

TIME:

6. ADJOURNMENT

# VILLAGE OF HARRISON HOT SPRINGS NOTICE OF MEETING

# ADVISORY PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING

**SEPTEMBER 18, 2012** 

2:00 p.m.

LOCATION:	Council Chambers, 495 Hot Springs Road, Harrison Hot Springs
1. CALL TO ORI	DER
(a)	Meeting called to order by the Chair
2. INTRODUCTI	ON OF LATE ITEMS
(a)	
3. APPROVAL O	F AGENDA
(a)	
4. ADOPTION O	FMINUTES
(a)	Advisory Planning Meeting Minutes of August 14, 2012
5. ITEMS FOR D	ISCUSSION
(a)	Zoning Bylaw

## VILLAGE OF HARRISON HOT SPRINGS ADVISORY PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING

DATE:

August 14, 2012

TIME:

2:00 p.m.

PLACE:

Council Chambers, 495 Hot Springs Road

## IN ATTENDANCE:

Danny Crowell, Chair

Sigrid Borchert Freddy Marks Andrew Baziuk Frank Peters Brian Bignell

Andre Isakov, Manager of Planning and

**Community Services** 

Ian Crane, Manager of Development

Services

Recording Secretary, Krystal Sobie

ABSENT:

Elizabeth Mueller

## 1. CALL TO ORDER

The meeting was called to order at 2:00 p.m.

## 2. <u>LATE ITEMS</u>

Harrison Campground information 2012

## 3. <u>APPROVAL OF AGENDA</u>

Moved by Freddy Marks Seconded by Brian Bignell

**THAT** the agenda be approved as amended.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY

## VILLAGE OF HARRISON HOT SPRINGS MINUTES OF THE ADVISORY PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING AUGUST 14, 2012 PAGE (2)

## 4. ADOPTION OF MINUTES

Moved by Freddy Marks
Seconded by Frank Peters

**THAT** the Advisory Planning Minutes of July 4, 2012 adopted.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY

## **Errors and Omissions**

The minutes of February 7, 2012 should not have been carried unanimously as Andrew Baziuk abstained his vote

Moved by Freddy Marks
Seconded by Sigrid Borchert

**THAT** the Advisory Planning Minutes of July 25, 2012 adopted.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY

## **DELEGATIONS/PETITIONS**

## CHAIRPERSON REPORT

## 6. ITEMS FOR DISCUSSION

□Zoning Byław

5.

Short Term Structure -6 month period, with the opportunity to renew

for further periods

Shipping Containers – should read "15 m" instead of "15m<sup>2</sup>"

Canvas Structures - looking into moving this to the Unsightly

Bylaw

Home Occupations – no changes were made

Bed and Breakfast — it was changed to not more than 4 units may

be used

Secondary Suites — no changes were made

Flood Control – Setback – asking for clarification from the Lawyer and

will report back to the Commission

## VILLAGE OF HARRISON HOT SPRINGS MINUTES OF THE ADVISORY PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING AUGUST 14, 2012 PAGE (3)

Zones -R1A was a new added zone (low density

residential, medium lot)

- R5 zone look at the maximum density

Parking - Osyoos, Gibsons and Tofino were looked at to

compare.

cash in lieu — Tofino is \$3,000.00

- Gibsons is \$30,000.00 - Osyoos is \$10,000.00

Harrison commercial – \$10,000.00
Harrison Residential – \$15,000.00

# Moved by Frank Peters Seconded by Freddy Marks

THAT cash in lieu for parking for commercial be in the amount of \$15,000.00

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY

☐Harrison Campground Information 2012

Camping needs to be available for camping and Rv's on a nightly basis.

# Moved by Freddy Marks Seconded by Sigrid Borchert

THAT the 25% provision of overnight stay be removed from the zoning bylaw in conjunction with the Springs RV.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY

## 7. ADJOURNMENT

## **Moved by Sigrid Borchert Seconded by Freddy Marks**

**THAT** the meeting be adjourned at 4:05 p.m.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY

Danny Crowell	Andre Isakov
Chair	Recorder



## VILLAGE OF HARRISON HOT SPRINGS ZONING BYLAW NO. XXX

# A bylaw to regulate the zoning and development of real property within the Village of Harrison Hot Springs

WHEREAS the Local Government Act authorizes a local government to enact bylaws respecting the use of land, buildings, and structures and other related development matters;

NOW THEREFORE the Municipal Council of the Village of Harrison Hot Springs in open meeting assembled enacts as follows:

#### I. TITLE

This Bylaw may be cited for all purposes as the "Village of Harrison Hot Springs Zoning Bylaw No. XXX, 2011.

### II. PURPOSE

The principal purpose of this Bylaw is to regulate land use and development within the Village of Harrison Hot Springs for the benefit of the community as a whole.

## III. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

ACCESSORY BUILDING OR STRUCTURE means a *building* or *structure* which is customarily ancillary and subordinate to the *principal building* situated on the same *parcel*.

ACCESSORY USE means a use other than the *principal use*, which is customarily ancillary and subordinate, incidental and exclusively devoted to a *principal use* on the same *parcel*.

AFFORDABLE DWELLING means a dwelling for which the rent (as defined in the <u>Residential Tenancy Act</u>) or purchase price is not more than 75% of the fair market rent or price, respectively, for a comparable dwelling.

ALTERATION means a structural change to a building, including;

- (1) an addition to gross floor area or height;
- (2) removal of part of the building;
- (3) construction of, cutting into, or removal of any wall, partition, column, beam, joist floor, or other support;
- (4) a change to, or closing of, any required means of access; and
- (5) a change to the fixtures or equipment.

AMENITY AREA means indoor or outdoor space on a parcel designed for shared or private recreation or enjoyment; includes landscaped open space, child play area, courtyards, patios, sun decks, balconies, terraces, swimming pools, saunas, exercise areas, craft and games room, and meeting rooms.

AMENITY AREA – COMMON means an *amenity area* designed for use on a shared basis by the occupants of more than one *dwelling unit* in the *building* and where a common access is provided to the amenity space.

AMENITY AREA – PRIVATE means an *amenity area* designed for the exclusive use of the occupants of a specific *dwelling unit*, where a degree of visual privacy is provided for the occupants and the *amenity area* is located within, or immediately adjacent to, the *dwelling unit*.

BALCONY means a projection from the second or higher storey of a building.

BASEMENT meant that portion of a *building* between two floor levels which has more than one-half of its height from finished floor to finished ceiling below the *grade*, and is not less than 2.14 metres (7 feet) in height measured between basement floor and ceiling surfaces.

BED AND BREAKFAST means a use accessory to a *single detached dwelling* use in which no more than 4 rooms accommodating no more than 2 persons per room are used for the *temporary* accommodation of the travelling public, and in which meals are served to the registered guest.

BUILDING means any *structure* used or intended for supporting or sheltering any *use* or occupancy.

CAMPGROUND means land providing for the seasonal or *temporary* accommodation of the travelling public using tents, trailers, or recreation vehicles; excludes a *mobile home park*, *hotel*, *motel* or *holiday park*.

CAMPGROUND OWNERSHIP means land provided for seasonal or *temporary* accommodation in tents, trailers, or recreation vehicles where the accommodation is owned for the exclusive use by its owners, except that not less than 25% of the *camping spaces* must be available to the traveling public at all times; excludes a *mobile home park*, *hotel*, *motel*, or *holiday park*.

CAMPING SPACE means an area in a campground use by a trailer, recreation vehicle, or tent.

CATERING a business dedicated to the preparation of food for the purpose of delivery and consumption off site.

CHILD DAY CARE FACILITY means a facility providing a child minding, nursery school, child group day care, specialized day care, kindergarten or out-of-school day care;

CLINIC means office for medical, dental or similar purposes, including associated laboratory facilities, but not including any such use where the principal services rendered are related to drug or alcohol detoxification or rehabilitation.

COMMUNITY CARE FACILITY means any facility licensed under the <u>Community Care and Assisted Living Act.</u>

COMMUNITY CENTRE means any building used for purposes of community assembly;

COMMUNITY SEWER SYSTEM means a sewage collection or disposal system that is owned and operated by the *Municipality*, and has been approved under the applicable legislation.

COMMUNITY WATER SYSTEM means a system of waterworks which serves two or more parcels and which is owned, operated and maintained by the *Municipality*, and has been approved under the applicable legislation.

CONVENIENCE STORE means a retail sales outlet which offers for sale foodstuffs and convenience goods, and has a maximum *gross floor area* of 200 m<sup>2</sup>.

COTTAGE means a building containing sleeping units and used for temporary accommodation.

DENSITY means, for commercial uses, the *floor area ratio*; and for residential uses, the number of *dwelling units* per hectare; and for the holiday park *zone*, the number of *recreational spaces* per hectare.

DERELICT VEHICLE means a car, boat, truck or similar vehicle that has not been licensed for a period of one (1) year and is not enclosed within a *structure* or *building*.

DESIGNATED FLOOD means a flood, which may occur in any given year, of such magnitude as to equal a flood having a 200-year recurrence interval, based on a frequency analysis of unregulated historic flood records or by regional analysis where there is inadequate stream flow data available.

DESIGNATED FLOOD LEVEL means the observed or calculated elevation for the *designated flood*, which is used in the calculation of the *flood construction level*.

DEVELOPED SITE AREA means the portion of a parcel which is occupied by building, structures, driveways, parking, and land improvements including landscaping.

DEVELOPMENT means the carrying out of any *building*, engineering, construction or other operation in, on, over or under *land* or water, or the construction, addition or alteration of any *building* or *structure*;

DUPLEX means a building that contains two dwelling units.

DWELLING UNIT means a suite of habitable rooms used or intended to be used for the residential accommodation of one family and containing only one set of cooking facilities;

ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY means a business providing entertainment to the public for a fee; includes an auditorium, movie theatre, bingo hall, electronic games and billiard facility.

EXTERIOR SIDE LOT LINE means a parcel boundary other than a front or rear parcel line which is common to a highway, lane or a walkway.

#### FAMILY means:

- two or more persons related by blood, marriage, adoption or foster parenthood sharing one dwelling unit; or
- (2) not more than five (5) unrelated persons sharing one dwelling unit.

FAMILY DAY CARE means the use of a dwelling unit for the care of not more than seven (7) children, licensed under the Community Care Facility Act,

FENCE means a type of screening or divider consisting of a *structure* that is used to form a boundary or enclose an area, but excludes hedges, trees and other types of natural vegetation.

FIRST STOREY means the *storey* having its floor closest to *grade* and not more than 2 metres above *grade*.

FLOOD CONSTRUCTION LEVEL or FLOOD LEVEL means a designated flood level plus freeboard, or where a designated flood level cannot be determined, a specified height above a natural boundary, natural ground elevation, or any obstruction that could cause ponding.

FLOODPLAIN means the area which is susceptible to flooding from a watercourse, lake or other body of water and that which is designated in Section 4.15 of this bylaw.

FLOOR AREA means the area of the floor of all *storeys* of a *building* between exterior walls, including the area of the floor occupied by interior walls and partitions.

FLOOR AREA RATIO means the figure obtained when the *floor area* of a building on a *parcel is* divided by the area of the *parcel*;

FREEBOARD means a vertical distance added to a designated flood level, used to establish a flood construction level.

FRONT LOT LINE means any *parcel* boundary common to a *parcel* and one *highway* other than a *lane* or to a water body; except that where a *parcel* is contiguous to the intersection of two *highways*, the front *parcel* line is the shortest *parcel* line contiguous to a *highway* other than a *lane*. Where a *parcel* fronts on more than one *highway*, its front parcel line is the narrower side of the *parcel* abutting a *highway*.

FRONT SETBACK means that portion of the *parcel*, extending from one *side parcel line* to the other, between the front lot line and a parallel line. The depth of the setback means the perpendicular distance between the front lot *line* and the parallel line. In the case of a *parcel* with a panhandle access, the panhandle shall be used in determining the front setback but a minimum setback of 1.5 m shall apply.

GARAGE means a *building*, or part thereof, used or intended to be used for the shelter or storage of vehicles.

GARAGE, PRIVATE means a *building* used for the storage of private passenger motor vehicles with a capacity of not more than three vehicle spaces for each *dwelling unit* to which the garage is appurtenant. This does not include the repair or maintenance of vehicles for profit.

GRADE, AVERAGE means the sum of the average of the lesser of natural or finished *grade* at each side of the *structure* divided by the sum of the length of the sides of the *structure*;

GRADE, NATURAL means the level of ground undisturbed by human action, or where there is evidence of disturbance by human action, the level of ground as determined by a BC Land Surveyor;

GRADE, FINISHED means the average final ground elevation around the perimeter of a structure after *development* but excluding where permitted:

- (a) light wells providing they do not:
  - i. extend more than 1.5 metres from the building; and
  - ii. exceed in length 25% of the length of the wall.
- (b) basement stairs providing they do not:
  - i. extend more than 1.2 metres from the building; and
  - ii. exceed 3.6 metres feet in length.
- (c) sunken patios providing they do not:
  - i. exceed an area of 14 metres;
  - ii. extend more than 3 metres from the building;
  - iii. exceed a length of 4.6 metres along the wall; and
  - iv. exist on the same side of the of the building as a depressed vehicle access;

GROSS FLOOR AREA means the total *floor area* of all *storeys* in all *buildings* on a *parcel* including exterior walls, excluding any area used for parking purposes.

HALF STOREY means a *story* under a gable, hip, or gambrel roof, the wall-plates of which on at least two opposite exterior walls are not more than 0.6 metres above the floor of such *storey* and does not exceed 66% of the *story* immediately below.

HEIGHT OF BUILDINGS means the vertical distance between the highest point of the *building* and the *average finished grade*, determined by:

- (a) the highest point of a flat roof;
- (b) the highest point of a mansard roof:
- (c) the midpoint between a point 2.4 meters above the top floor and the ridge of a gable, hip or gambrel roof. A flat portion of a gable, hip or gambrel roof cannot cover more than 10% of the roof area viewed directly from above.

HIGHWAY includes a public street, road, path, lane, walkway, trail, bridge, viaduct, thoroughfare and any other way, but specifically excludes private rights of way on private property.

HOLIDAY PARK means an area of land operated and maintained for the purpose of providing 2 or more *recreational vehicle spaces*, together with ancillary, common leisure and service facilities for the exclusive use of the owners or occupiers of the *recreational vehicle spaces*; does not include a *manufactured home park*, *motel*, *campground*, or a group camp.

HOME OCCUPATION means a craft or occupation conducted as an accessory use subordinate to the *principal use* of a *dwelling unit*.

HOTEL means a *building* for the transient public which contains *sleeping units* and which have their principal access from an entrance common to the units; may contain assembly, commercial, entertainment, indoor recreation, and restaurant uses, and liquor licenced premises licensed under Provincial legislation.

INN means a *building*(s) or *cottage*(s) or a combination thereof available to the travelling public and containing up to maximum of 10(ten) sleeping units where meals may be provided.

INDOOR RECREATIONAL FACILITY means a facility for recreation and sports activities primarily conducted indoors, including electronic games, arena, fitness club, racquet court, gymnasium, dance studio, swimming pool and bowling alley.

INTERIOR SIDE LOT LINE means a *parcel* boundary between 2 or more *parcels* other than a *front* or *rear lot line*.

LAND means real property without improvements, has the same meaning as in the *Assessment Act*, and includes the surface of water.

LANDSCAPINGmeans the planting and maintenance of a combination of trees, shrubs, hedges, ground cover, lawns and other horticultural elements, and fencing, walks, lights, ponds, pools and other *structures* and materials used for the enhancement of outdoor areas.

LANE means a *highway* which provides secondary access to the side or rear of a *parcel* and is less than 10 metres wide.

LOADING SPACE means a space for the loading or unloading of a vehicle, either outside or inside a *building* or *structure*, but specifically excludes manoeuvring aisles and other areas providing access to the space.

LOT AREA means the total area of a parcel.

LOT means a parcel. For greater certainty the term lot and parcel are used interchangeable throughout this bylaw.

LOT COVERAGE means the percentage of a *lot* covered by *buildings* and *structures*, based on the projected area of the outside of the outermost walls of all *buildings* and structures, including accessory buildings, covered decks and covered patios; but excluding steps, eaves not exceeding 0.9 metres, and decks or portions of decks built above ground level not exceeding a height of 0.6 metres above the higher of *natural* or *finished grade* below such deck.

MANUFACTURED HOME / MODULAR HOME means a *structure* containing one *dwelling* unit of not less than 100 m<sup>2</sup>, that is designed, constructed or manufactured to be moved from one place to another by being towed or carried; placed on a permanent foundation. All Manufactured homes must be constructed to CAN/CSA Z 240 or CAN/CSA A 277 standards.

MARINA means a site, including the surface water which is primarily used for the berthing space and floats for the boats.

MINIMUM LOT SIZE means the smallest area into which a lot may be subdivided.

MOTEL means a building divided into two or more temporary tourist accommodation units, each unit provided with individual outside access and conveniently located parking space.

MOBILE CONCESSION means a business that is not permanently affixed to the land, that provides for sale to the general public, food, drinks, confectionary items and/or non-food related items.

MULTI UNIT DWELLING means any *building*, divided into two or more *dwelling units*, which are occupied or intended to be occupied as dwelling units for two or more *families* living independently of one another.

NATURAL GROUND means the undisturbed ground elevation prior to *site* preparation or development.

NEIGHBOURHOOD PUB means premises licensed as a neighbourhood public house and marine pub under Provincial legislation.

NIGHTCLUB means premises where entertainment is provided to patrons and is licensed under Provincial legislation.

OFF-STREET PARKING means the use of *land* for the parking of vehicles other than on a *highway* including the *parking spaces* and the manoeuvring aisle.

OFFICIAL COMMUNITY PLAN means a community plan that is adopted by the Council of the Village of Harrison Hot Springs pursuant to the *Local Government Act*.

OUTDOOR RECREATIONAL FACILITY means a facility for recreation and sports activities primarily conducted outdoors, including stadium, golf course, driving range, waterslide, water activities, mini golf, theme park, and electric go-karts (go-karts only in C5 Zone).

OUTDOOR STORAGE AREA means an area outside a *building* that is used for the storage of garbage containers, shipping container, maintenance materials and equipment, and similar activities.

PAD means a paved surface on which blocks, posts, runners or strip footings are placed for the purpose of supporting a *manufactured home* to achieve flood construction level; or a concrete pad, slab or floor supporting a space or room.

PANHANDLE LOT means a lot that has street frontage through the use of a relatively narrow strip of *land* not less than 3 metres in width which is an integral part of the *lot*, called "the access strip".

PARCEL means an area of *land* designated as a separate and distinct parcel on a legally recorded subdivision plan or description filed in the Land Registry Office, and having a principal frontage upon a public street or place.

PARK means a designated public open space which is owned, possessed or controlled by the municipality and provides for public social and recreational activities, playgrounds and natural areas.

PARKING AREA means a portion of a lot that is used to accommodate off-street parking.

PARKING GARAGE means a *building* the primary use of which is the parking or storage of vehicles and which is available to the public.

PARKING SPACE means a space within a building or parking area for the parking of one motor vehicle.

PRINCIPAL USE means the principal permissible purpose for which *land*, *buildings* or *structures* may be used in a zone but does not include an accessory use.

PERMITTED USE means the use or uses to which land, buildings or structures may be put in a zone.

PERSONAL SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT means the use of a *building* where personal services are provided and goods accessory to the provision of such services may be sold and includes a barber shop, beauty salon, shoe repair shop, dry cleaning, Laundromat, electrical appliance repair, upholstery, watch repair, photographer, tailor or dressmaker, and similar services.

PREMISES mean the building and structures located on a lot.

PRINCIPAL BUILDING means the *building* for the principal use of the *lot* as listed under the *permitted uses* of the applicable *zone*.

PROPERTY LINE means lot line.

PUBLIC UTILITY means a system, work, *building, structure*, plant, equipment or resource owned by a *municipality*, public or private utility company or other government agency for the provision of water, sewer, drainage, gas, electricity, transportation, communication services; includes public works yards.

REAR LOT LINE means the *parcel* boundary which is not connected to and lays the most opposite to the *front parcel line*.

REAR SETBACK means that portion of the *parcel*, extending from one side *parcel* line to the other, between the rear line of the *parcel* and a parallel line. The depth of the setback means the perpendicular distance between the *rear lot line* and the parallel line.

RECREATIONAL VEHICLE means a mobile accommodation for recreational purposes such a trailer, camper-car, and RV.

RECREATIONAL VEHICLE SPACE means an area in a *holiday park* or campground set aside for use by one recreational vehicle.

RESTAURANT means an eating establishment where food is sold to the public primarily for immediate consumption upon the premises.

RETAIL STORE means a *building* or *land* where goods are offered, displayed or kept for sale at retail, and stored in limited quantities; includes antique store, arts and crafts store, appliance sales and service, bakery store, beer and wine *store*, book store, butcher shop, camera shop, candy store, clothing store, confectionary store, delicatessen, department store, drugstore, fish market, furniture store, gift shop, grocery store, hardware store, liquor store, music store, pet store, photography studio and store, shoe store and repair, souvenir shop, sports shop, stationery store, tailor, toy store, travel agency, variety store and video store.

RETAINING WALL means a structure erected to hold back or support a bank of earth.

SCREENING means the use of a continuous fence, wall, berm, landscaping or combination of them to screen the land which it encloses, broken only by access driveways and walkways.

SECONDARY SUITE means an additional dwelling unit:

- (a) having a total floor space of not more than 90 m<sup>2</sup> in area,
- (b) having a floor space less than 40% of the habitable floor area of the building.
- (c) located within a building of residential occupancy containing only one other dwelling unit.

SENIORS SUPPORTIVE OR ASSISTED HOUSING means the use of a *building* for residential units designed to accommodate seniors as they age including separate common areas for dining and socialization, and the provision of meals, housekeeping and personal care.

SERVICE STATION means a *building* or *land* used or equipped to be used for the retail sale of motor fuels and lubricants and servicing and servicing and repairs to vehicles and may include accessory retail sales.

SET BACK means the horizontal distance separating a building, structure or use from a specified location.

SHIPPING CONTAINER means a metal structure used for transporting or storing of materials. The container may not exceed 2.75 m in height, 2.5 m in width, and 12.2 m in length.

SIDE LOT LINE means a *parcel* boundary between 2 or more *parcels* other than a *front* or *rear* parcel line.

SIGN means any visual representation which communicates information for any purpose.

SLEEPING UNIT means one or more habitable rooms used for the lodging of person or persons where such unit contains no cooking facilities.

STANDARD DYKE means a dyke built to a minimum crest elevation equal to the *flood* construction level and meeting standards of design and construction approved by the Province.

STOREY means that portion of a *building* which is situated between the top of any floor and the top of the floor next above it, and if there is no floor above it, that portion between the top of such floor and the ceiling above it, but does not mean or include a basement.

STRUCTURE means anything constructed or erected, the use of which requires its permanent location on or in the ground, or its attachment to something having a permanent location on the ground.

TOWNHOUSE means a *building* not more than 3 *storeys* high; containing 3 or more attached *dwelling units*, each having a separate, private entrance.

UNDEVELOPABLE PROPERTY is a lot that due to the size, shape, frontage, topography, location, environmental regulation, or/and legal use cannot be developed with site improvements such as a *building* in the opinion of an accredited engineer or approving officer.

USE means the purpose or function to which *land*, a *building*, or *structure* is designed, put, or intended to be put.

VILLAGE OFFICIAL means the Bylaw Enforcement Officer, the Building Inspector or other staff as appointed by the municipal CAO.

ZONE means a defined area to which a unified set of regulation apply.

## IV. ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

#### .1) ADMINISTRATION

(1) This *Bylaw* shall be administered by the *Chief Administrative Officer* of the *Village* under the direction of *Council*.

#### .2) INSPECTION

(1) The Village Official is hereby authorized to enter, at all reasonable times, on any property subject to the regulations of this Bylaw, to ascertain whether the regulations or directions contained herein are being observed.

#### .3) ENFORCEMENT

- (1) It is unlawful for any person to cause, suffer, or permit any building or structure to be constructed, reconstructed, altered, moved, extended, occupied, or used, or any land to be occupied or used, in contravention of this *Bylaw* or otherwise to contravene or fail to comply with this *Bylaw*.
- (2) It is unlawful for any person to prevent or obstruct, or attempt to prevent or obstruct the authorized entry of the Village Official.
- (3) The Village Official may cause notice in writing to be served to the owner or occupier of real property found to contravene the provisions of this Bylaw setting out the details of the contravention and the action required of the party so notified.
- (4) The Village Official may serve notice by:
  - (a) registered mail addressed to the property owner as recorded in the property records of the *Village*,
  - (b) hand-delivering it to the owner or occupier of the real property that is subject to the notice, or
  - (c) posting it on a conspicuous place on the real property that is the subject of the notice, and the notice shall then be deemed to be validly and effectively served for the purposes of this Bylaw at the expiration of three (3) days immediately following the date the notice was so posted.
- (5) No liability or responsibility other than that set out in accordance with this *Bylaw* rests with the *Village* to prove delivery of the notice.

#### .4) PENALTIES

- (1) Every person who commits an offence contrary to the provisions of this Bylaw, as amended from time to time, is liable, upon summary conviction, to a penalty of not less than \$500.00, and not more than \$10,000.00 in addition to the costs of the prosecution.
- (2) Each day that such violation is caused to continue, or allowed to continue, constitutes a separate offence.

#### V. GENERAL REGULATIONS

#### .1) GENERAL OPERATIVE CLAUSES

- (1) No land, building or structure in any zone shall be used for any purpose other than that specified for the zone in which it is located in accordance with the Zoning Map.
- (2) No *building* or *structure* shall be constructed, sited, moved or altered unless it complies with the General Regulations of this Bylaw and all regulations and requirements specified for the *zone* in which it is located.
- (3) No parcel shall be created by subdivision unless:
  - (a) Such *parcel* is equal to or greater than the *minimum lot size* specified for the zone in which it is located in accordance with the zoning Map, unless otherwise specified in this Bylaw; or
  - (b) The subdivision is for a realignment of a lot line and no additional parcels would be created.

#### .2) APPLICATION

(1) This Bylaw applies to all land, buildings and structures including the surface of water within the boundaries of the Village.

### .3) SIZE, SHAPE AND SITING OF BUILDINGS & STRUCTURES

- (1) No more than one *principal building* may be sited on one *parcel*, except as otherwise specified in this Bylaw.
- (2) No *building* or *structure* shall be constructed, reconstructed, sited, altered, or extended so as to cause any existing *building* or *structure* on the same *lot* to violate the provisions of this Bylaw.

#### .4) ACCESSORY BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES

- (1) An accessory building or structure must not be used as a dwelling unit.
- (2) When accessory buildings or structures are attached to the principal building, they will be considered to be part of the principal building, and subject to the required setbacks for the principle building.
- (3) Maximum lot coverage for all accessory buildings and structures must not exceed 10% and must be included with the principle building in the maximum lot coverage calculation for a parcel.

#### .5) SHORT-TERM BUILDINGS

- (1) A short-term building or structure may only be erected on a *lot* in conjunction with the construction of a *principal* use, and shall only be permitted for a period not to exceed the duration of such construction.
- (2) Short-term buildings or structures shall be subject to the following requirements:
  - (a) An application shall be made in writing to the *Village Official* for a permit to erect a short-term building or structure;

- (b) Such permit may be granted for a period of not more than 6 months, provided however, that it may be renewed upon further application for one further period not to exceed 6 months;
- (c) at the expiration of a permit such short-term building or structure shall be removed and the *lot* thereof restored as nearly as possible to its former condition.
- (3) Recreational vehicles or trailers may be permitted as temporary buildings or structures in conjunction with construction on a lot, subject to the obtaining of a permit as outlined in Section 5 (2) above, and subject to the provision of approved water, power and sanitary sewage disposal facilities (including holding tanks).

#### .6) SHIPPING CONTAINERS

- (1) Shipping containers subject to satisfying the setback requirements will be permitted, subject to issuance of permit by Village Official as follows:
  - (a) Residential zoned properties for a temporary purpose not to exceed 60 days, with a possibility of 60 day extensions at the approval of the *Village Official*, and the shipping container cannot exceed a length of 15 m; or
  - (b) Commercial zoned property subject to the shipping container being properly screened from general public view, and is maintained to an acceptable standard.

## .7) CANVAS STRUCTURES

 Canvas structures are exempt from requiring permits as per Building Regulation Bylaw.

#### .8) HOME OCCUPATION USE

In any zone in which a *home occupation* use is permitted, the following conditions shall be satisfied:

- (1) The activities shall be conducted entirely within the *principal building* or accessory building except where such activity involves horticulture or a family day care.
- (2) The following activities shall not be permitted as a home occupation use:
  - (a) the servicing or repair of vehicles, boats, or other machinery;
  - (b) a body shop; or
  - (c) the fabricating of metal objects, woodworking and associated activities.
- (3) The use may involve the display and the sale of a commodity that is produced on the lot.
- (4) The use shall occupy up to a maximum of 30 m<sup>2</sup> of the principal building.
- (5) The use within one or more accessory buildings shall occupy a total of not more than 40 m<sup>2</sup>.
- (6) In no case shall the aggregate floor space of all buildings used for home occupation use exceed 50 m<sup>2</sup> on a parcel.

- (7) Not more than two home occupations shall be permitted on a parcel.
- (8) There shall be nothing to indicate from the exterior of a *dwelling unit* or a *building* that it is being used for any purpose other than its principal or approved use other than one outdoor advertising sign, the regulations of which are contained within the *Sign Regulation Bylaw*.
- (9) A home occupation shall be solely operated by a person resident in the dwelling unit and shall not involve the employment of more than 2 full-time equivalent employees on the premises, except in the case of a secondary suite in which case the home occupation shall be conducted only by the residents of the secondary suite.
- (10) Home occupations shall not discharge or emit the following across lot lines:
  - (a) odorous, toxic or noxious matter or vapours;
  - (b) heat, glare, electrical interference or radiation;
  - (c) recurring ground vibration
- (11) Home occupation operation shall require a business license.
- (12) All parking requirements shall be accommodated on site.

#### .9) BED AND BREAKFAST

In any zone in which a bed and breakfast use is permitted, the following conditions shall be satisfied:

- The sleeping accommodation for a bed and breakfast use shall be located entirely within a principal dwelling unit.
- (2) Not more than four bedrooms in a dwelling unit shall be used for a bed and breakfast.
- (3) A bed and breakfast shall not be permitted within a dwelling unit containing a secondary suite.
- (4) One off-street parking space shall be provided for each bedroom used as bed and breakfast, in addition to the parking requirement for the single family dwelling.
- (5) Any off-street parking space for guests or guest outdoor amenity space shall be landscaped to buffer that area from abutting residential premises.
- (6) Guest bedrooms in a bed and breakfast shall not exceed 40% of the gross floor area of the dwelling unit.
- (7) The bed and breakfast use shall be owned and operated by the resident of the dwelling unit.
- (8) No cooking facilities or other facilities for the keeping of food shall be provided for within the guest bedrooms intended for the bed & breakfast.

- (9) No bed and breakfast use shall operate without a business license.
- (10) A dwelling unit containing a bed and breakfast use shall be equipped with an installed smoke alarm and fire extinguisher in accordance with the Building Bylaw.

#### .10) SECONDARY SUITES

- (1) A secondary suite is a permitted use within a single family dwelling that is in conformance with this Bylaw.
- (2) Only one secondary suite is permitted per parcel.
- (3) A secondary suite shall not exceed the lessor of a total floor area of 90 square metres or 40% of the total floor area of the single family dwelling.
- (4) The owner of a single family dwelling containing a secondary suite shall be resident of either the principal dwelling unit or the secondary suit.
- (5) Off-street parking shall be provided and maintained in accordance with Table 1 of this Bylaw.
- (6) A secondary suite must satisfy all the applicable requirements of the *BC Building Code*, and other pertinent legislation.

#### .11) EXCEPTIONS TO SITING REQUIREMENTS

- (1) Where chimneys, cornices, headers, gutters, sills, bay windows or ornamental features project beyond the face of a building, the minimum distance to an abutting lot line as required elsewhere in this Bylaw may be reduced by not more than 0.7 metres providing such reduction shall only apply to the projecting feature.
- (2) Where steps, eaves, sunlight control projections, canopies, or light wells project beyond the face of a *building*, the minimum distance to an abutting *lot line* as required elsewhere in this Bylaw may be reduced by not more than 1.0 metre provided that the minimum distance of the projecting feature to any *lot line* shall not be less than 1.0 metre.
- (3) Structures for the support of plants and vines, such as open pergolas or trellises, may project within a required setback area provided they do not exceed 2.4 metres in height.
- (4) Covered entry porches shall be permitted to project into a front yard setback a maximum of 1.5 metres provided that:
  - (a) The porch shall be open or protected by guard rails the *height* of which shall not exceed the minimum specified in the BC Building Code:

- (b) the porch is located at the basement or first storey; and
- (c) the roof height does not exceed 3.66 metres measured form the porch floor.
- (5) Campground spaces that back on to a public right-of-way, with the exception of a Provincial highway, or *undevelopable properties* may have a set back from the property line of 1 metre.
- (6) Balconies, patio decks or like facilities may extend into the rear or front set back by 2.5 metres, inside lot setback by .7 metres.

#### .12) EXCEPTIONS TO HEIGHT REQUIREMENT

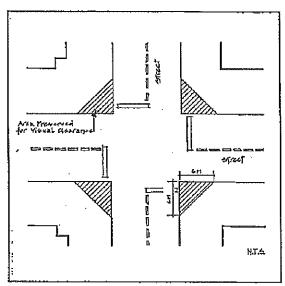
Church spires, chimneys, flag poles, transmission towers, elevators and ventilation machinery, shall not be subject to the height requirements of this Bylaw provided that such *structures* occupy no more than 10% of the surface of the *lot*, or if situated on a *building*, not more than 15% of the roof area of the *building*.

## .13) UNDERSIZED PARCELS

A parcel that is shown on a plan deposited in the Land Title Office prior to the adoption of this Bylaw, which has less than the *minimum lot size* requirement as established in the zone in which that *lot* is situated may be used for any use permitted in that zone, subject to all the regulations for that zone.

#### .14) OBSTRUCTION OF VISION

In all zones, no fence, sign, wall or structure shall be erected to a height greater than 1 metre and no hedge, bush, shrub, tree or other growth shall be maintained or allowed to grow so as to obstruct vision clearance in the area bounded by the intersecting parcel lines at a street, road, lane, or driveway entrance corner and a line joining points along side parcel lines or driveway pavement edge 6 metres from their point of intersection, as illustrated in the following diagram.



Visual Clearance at Intersections

#### .15) FENCES AND RETAINING WALLS

- .1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 5.14, the following *height* limitations will apply to fences:
  - (.1) For a parcel within the following zones the maximum height of fences will be:

Zone

## Maximum height

 Residential, Commercial and Industrial zones

2.0 m

Public use zones

2.4 m (3.0 m open mesh)

(.2) No fence in any zone will be constructed using barbed wire, electrified wire, razor wire, ribbon wire, or ultra barrier wire.

# .16) SITING REQUIREMENTS FOR PROPERTIES ADJACENT TO A PROVINCIAL HIGHWAY

Notwithstanding the siting requirements specified in this Bylaw setbacks of buildings adjacent to a Provincial Highway may be regulated by the Ministry of Transportation.

#### .17) DERELICT VEHICLES, AIRCRAFT AND BOATS

No derelict vehicle or trailer, recreational vehicle, boat or vessel or aircraft, or engine, frame, chassis, body, box or van unit thereof shall be kept, stored or parked except within a building in any Zone.

#### .18) FLOOD CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

## .1) Floodplain Designation

The following land is designated as floodplain:

- Land designated as floodplain within the boundaries of the Municipality and approximately as shown on Schedule 'A" of the attached hereto and forming part of this Bylaw;
- Land lower than the flood levels specified in Section 18.2;
- Land within the setbacks specified in Section 18.3.

#### .2) Flood Level

The following elevations are specified as the *flood level*, except that where more than one *flood level* is applicable, the higher elevation shall be the *flood level*:

- Elevation 14.55 metres Geodetic Survey of Canada datum;
- 1.5 metres above the natural boundary of Miami Creek, Miami Slough, or any other watercourse;
- 1.0 metre above the surrounding natural ground elevation;
- 1.5 metres above the *natural boundary* of any other lake, marsh, or pond.

#### .3) Setback

The following distances are specified as the *setback*, except that where more than one setback is applicable, the greater distance shall be the setback:

- 30.0 metres from the natural boundary of the Harrison River;
- 15.0 from the natural boundary of Harrison Lake;
- 7.5 metres from the *natural boundary* of Miami Creek, Miami Slough, a swamp, pond or any other watercourse;
- 7.5 metres from any standard dyke right of way or structure for flood protection or seepage control.

## .4) Application of Floodplain Specifications

Where a flood level or setback has been specified:

- The underside of any floor system, or the top of any pad supporting any space, room or manufactured home, that is used for dwelling purposes, business, or the storage of goods which are susceptible to damage by floodwater must be above the specified flood level, and
- any landfill required to support a floor system or pad must not extend within any setback from a watercourse or body of water specified by the Bylaw or the Minister of Environment.
- Structural support or compacted landfill or a combination of both may be used to
  elevate the underside of the floor system or the top of the pad above the flood
  level specified in Section 18.2. The structural support or landfill or both must be
  protected against scour and erosion form flood flows, wave action, ice and other
  debris.
- The Building Inspector, or such person appointed by the Council of the Village of Harrison Hot Springs for the purpose of administering building regulations may require that a British Columbia Land Surveyor's certificate be provided before a building permit may be issued to verify compliance with the flood level and setback specified in Sections 18.2 and 18.3. The cost of verification shall be assumed by the land owner.

## .5) General Exemptions

The following types of development are exempt or conditionally exempt from the flood level specified in Section 18.2 of this bylaw:

#### Exempt

- A renovation of an existing *building* or *structure* that does not involve an addition to the *building* or *structure*;
- An addition to a building or structure, at the original non-conforming floor elevation, that would increase the size of the building or structure by less than 25 percent of the ground floor area (excluding carports or garages) existing at the date of adoption of this bylaw, as long as the degree of non-conformity regarding setback is not increased;

- That portion of a building or structure to be used as a carport, garage, entrance foyer;
- Hot water tanks and furnaces behind standard dykes;

## Conditionally Exempt

Industrial uses, other than main electrical switchgear, may be located with the
underside of a floor system or the top of pad no lower than 0.6 metres lower than
the flood level specified in Section 18.2 of this Bylaw. Main electrical switchgear
must be located no lower than the flood level.

## .6) Site-Specific Exemptions

An application by a property owner to the Minister of Environment, Lands and Parks for a site-specific exemption shall be completed upon a form provided by the Village of Harrison Hot Springs and submitted in accordance with the instructions on the application.

- .7) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Bylaw, no dwelling unit building, modular home or structure or any part thereof shall be constructed, reconstructed, moved, extended or located within 30.0 metres of the natural boundary of a lake, river, stream, marsh or pond unless otherwise established by a registered professional engineer.
- .8) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Bylaw, no dwelling unit building, modular home or structure, or any part thereof shall be constructed, reconstructed, moved, extended or located with the underside of a wooden floor system or top of a concrete slab of any area used for habitation, business, or storage of goods damageable by floodwaters, or in the case of a modular home or unit the ground level or top of the concrete or asphalt pad on which it is located:
  - (a) Lower than the *flood construction level* for any watercourse or the sea where it has been determined to the satisfaction of the Village; or
  - (b) where it has not been determined or a site-specific *flood construction level* has not been determined.
- .9) The required elevation may be achieved by structural elevation of the said habitable, business, or storage area or by adequately compacted landfill on which any building is to be constructed or modular home or dwelling unit located, or by a combination of both structural elevation and landfill.
- .10) Where landfill is used to achieve the required elevation, no portion of the landfill slope shall be closer than the distances in Section 18.7 from the *natural boundary*, and the face of the landfill slope shall be adequately protected against erosion from flood flows, wave action or other debris.
- .11) Foundations of construction in alluvial fan areas shall be designed by a Professional Engineer to ensure that structures are anchored to minimize the impact of flood, sediment and erosion damage; footings are extended below scour depth, or fill materials are armoured where elevation is achieved by fill, to protect against scour, erosion and flood flows.
- .12) Section 18.(8) shall not apply to:
  - (a) that portion of a building or structure to be used as a carport or a garage; or
  - (b) on-loading and off-loading facilities associated with water-oriented industry provided that the main electrical switchgear shall be placed above the flood construction level.

#### .19) AGRICULTURAL LAND RESERVE

- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Bylaw, land within the Village designated as "Agricultural Land Reserve" pursuant to the Agricultural Land Commission Act, shall be subject to the Agricultural Land Commission Act regulations made under the Agricultural Land Commission Act, and relevant orders of the Agricultural Land Commission under the Agricultural Land Commission Act; that is to say, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, where land within an "Agricultural land Reserve" is also within a zone established under this Bylaw, the Bylaw shall be binding only insofar as it is not contrary to the Agricultural Land Commission Act, regulations made thereunder and orders of the Agricultural Land Commission.
- (2) Where land pursuant to the *Agricultural Land Commission Act*, regulations made thereunder, or orders of the Agricultural Land Commission is excluded from an "Agricultural Land Reserve" or exempted by the *Agricultural Land Commission Act*, or exempted by regulations made under the *Agricultural Land Commission Act*, the provisions of this Bylaw shall be binding.

## VI. LAND USE ZONES

## .1) ZONING MAP

- (1) For the purpose of this bylaw, the Village is hereby divided into zones as shown upon the plan in Schedule A of this bylaw entitled "Zoning Map".
- (2) The zones, as shown on the Zoning Map, are as follows and the requirements of each zoning district schedule of this bylaw shall be applied to areas designated on the Zoning Map with the corresponding alpha-numeric symbol:

Section	Zoning District Name	Short Form
	RESIDENTIAL ZONES	
	Low Density Residential (Conventional Lot)	R-1
	Low Density Residential (Medium Lot)	R-1A
	Low Density Residential 2 (Duplex)	R-2
	Low Density Residential 3 (Small Lot)	R-3
	Medium Density Residential 1 (Townhouse)	R-4
	Medium Density Residential 2 (Apartment)	R-5
	COMMERCIAL ZONES	
	Village Commercial	C-1
	Lakeshore Commercial	C-2
	Mixed Use Commercial/Residential	C-3
	Local Commercial	C-4
	Tourist Commercial	C-5
	Marine Commercial	C-6
	Holiday Park	C-7
	Service Station Commercial	C-8
	INSTITUTIONAL ZONES/ OTHER	
	Community and Institutional	P-1
	Waterfront	W-1
	Village Reserve	

Dansey Dansey	VR
Resource Reserve	RR
Comprehensive Development Zone 1	
Residential Reserve	CD-1
	RSR

#### .2) INTERPRETATION

## (1) Permitted Uses

The list of uses in the chart entitled "Permitted Uses" in each of the zones set out in this Division shall be interpreted to mean the uses listed in that particular zoning district and no other use shall be permitted.

#### (2) Development Regulations

The list of regulations in the chart entitled "Development Regulations" in each of the zones set out in this Division shall be interpreted to mean the following unless otherwise authorised by the Local Government Act:

#### (a) Lot Size

No lot shall be subdivided or developed that is less than the minimum lot size.

#### (b) Lot Width

No lot shall be subdivided or developed that is less than the prescribed lot width.

## (c) Density

No lot shall be subdivided or developed that has a building or structure with a density greater than the prescribed density.

## (d) Floor Area Ratio

No lot shall be developed with a building or structure that has a floor area ratio greater than the prescribed floor area ratio.

## (e) Lot Coverage

No lot shall be developed with a building or structure that has a lot coverage greater than the prescribed lot coverage.

## (f) Siting Setbacks

No lot shall be developed with a building or structure that is sited less than the prescribed setback from the lot line.

#### (g) Height

No lot shall be developed with a building or structure that has a height greater than the prescribed height.

## (h) <u>Building Width</u>

No lot shall be developed with a building or structure that has a

width less than the prescribed building width.

## (i) Number of Principal Buildings

No lot shall be developed with a number of principal of buildings that is greater than the prescribed number of principal buildings.

## (j) Amenity Space

No lot shall be developed with a multi-family building that has less than the prescribed amount of amenity space per dwelling unit.

## (3) Zoning Boundaries

Where a zone boundary is designated as following a highway, the centre line of the highway shall be the zone boundary.

Where a *zone* boundary does not follow a legally defined *lot line*, and where distances are not specifically indicated, the location of the boundary shall be determined by scaling from the Zoning Map.

Where a parcel is divided by a *zone* boundary, the areas created by such division shall be deemed to be separate *lots* for the purpose of determining the requirements of each zone.

## .3) RESIDENTIAL ZONES

(1) PERMITTED USES

The uses set out in this table and no other uses are permitted in the zone indicated.

	R-1 Low Density Residential (Conventional Lot)	R1-A Low Density Residential (Medium Lot)	R-2 Low Density Residential 2 (Duplex)	R-3 Low Density Residential 3 (Small Lot)	R-4 Medium Density Residential 1 (Townhouse)	R-5 Medium Density Residential 2 (Apartment)
PRINCIPAL USES						
Single Family Dwelling	•	•	•	•		
Two Family Dwelling		1	*			
Multiple Family Dwelling					*	•
Family Day Care	<b>*</b>	•	•			
ACCESSORY USES						
Accessory Bed and Breakfast			•			
Accessory Family Day Care	<b>♦</b>	•	•	*	*	•
Accessory Home Occupation	•	•	•	*	<b>*</b>	•
Accessory Secondary Suite	•	•	•	•		
Accessory Buildings	<b>♦</b>	•	•	•	•	

## (2) DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS PRINCIPLE BUILDING

	R-1 Low Density Residential (Conventional Lot)	R1-A Low Density Residential (Medium Lot)	R-2 Low Density Residential 2 (Duplex)	R-3 Low Density Residential 3 (Small Lot)	R-4 Medium Density Residential 1 (Townhouse)	R-5 Medium Density Residential 2 (Apartment)
Minimum Lot Size (m²)	925¹ 697²	500 <sup>3</sup>	925 <sup>1</sup> 697 <sup>3</sup> 1125 <sup>4</sup> 925 <sup>5</sup>	360 <sup>3</sup>	1500²	1500²
Minimum Lot Width (m)	18	15	18 Single 24 Duplex	12.5	22.5	22.5
Maximum Density (units / ha)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	35	74 <sup>10</sup>
Maximum Lot Coverage (%)	40	40	40	55	55	70
Minimum Front Setback (m)	7.5	7.5	7.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Minimum Rear Setback (m)	7.5	7.5	7.5	4	7.5	7.5
Minimum Interior Side Setback (m)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.2	3.6	3.6
Minimum Exterior Side Setback (m)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	7.5	7.5
Maximum Height (m)	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	11	11
Minimum Amenity Area (m²)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5 per unit <sup>6</sup> 10 per unit <sup>7</sup>	200 <sup>9</sup>
Number of Principal Buildings	1	1	1	1	N/A	1
Off-Street Parking	As per Section VII <sup>6</sup>	As per Section VII <sup>6</sup>	As per Section VII <sup>6</sup>	As per Section VII <sup>6</sup>	As per Section VII <sup>6</sup>	As per Section VII <sup>6</sup>

#### Notes:

- 1. Lots serviced with Community Sewer System only.
- 2. Lots serviced with Community Sewer and Community Water Systems.
- 3. Single Family Dwelling must have Community Sewer and Community Water Systems.
- 4. Duplex Dwelling Lots serviced with Community Sewer System only.
- 5. Duplex Dwelling Lots serviced with Community Sewer and Community Water Systems.
- 6. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with this bylaw. See Section VII (seven) Off-street Parking of this bylaw.
- 7. When a development consists of 10 units or less.
- 8. When a development consists of 11 units or more.
- 9. Common amenity areas shall be provided for all multi-family dwellings of 10 or more units. The amenity area shall be no less than 200 m<sup>2</sup>.
- 10. The maximum *density of* 74 units per hectare may be increased to a maximum of 100 units per hectare in accordance with the following:

- i) 2 units per hectare for each dwelling unit which are constructed and designated for the disabled persons; or
- ii) 10 units per hectare where a minimum of 50% of required off street parking spaces are below grade or in a parking garage; or
- iii) 5 units per hectare where a minimum of 5 of the units are *affordable housing units*.

## (3) DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

	R-1 Low Density Residential (Conventional Lot)	R1-A Low Density Residential (Medium Lot)	R-2 Low Density Residential 2 (Duplex)	R-3 Low Density Residential 3 (Small Lot)	R-4 Medium Density Residential 1 (Townhouse)	R-5 Medium Density Residential 2 (Apartment)
Maximum Number of Structures	2	2	2	2	2	0
Maximum Size (m²)	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>	10 per unit	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Maximum Height (m)	5	5	5	5	5	N/A
Front Lot Line Setback (m)	15	7.5	7.5	4.5	4.5	N/A
Rear Lot Line Setback (m)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1	1.5	N/A
Exterior Side Lot Line Setback (m)	7.5	7.5	3.6	3.6	7.5	N/A
Interior Side Lot Line Setback (m)	1	1	1	1	1	N/A

## Notes:

1. Must be contained within the maximum lot coverage provisions.

## .3) COMMERCIAL ZONES

# (1) PERMITTED USES

The uses set out in this table and no other uses are permitted in the zone indicated.

	C-1	C-2	C-3	C-4	C-5	C-6	C-7	C-8
	Village	Lakeshore	Mixed Use	Commercial	Tourist	Marine	Holiday Park	Service Station
PRINCIPAL USES								
Automotive Repair and Service								•
Automotive Sales, Lease or Rental								<b>\$</b>
Boat Launching Ramp						•		
Campground					<b>∲</b> <sup>11</sup>			
Child Care Facility	<b>*</b>	•						
Community Care Facility	•		•	<b>*</b>				
Convenience Store				•				
Clinic	• 1							
Dwelling Units	<b>♦</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>♦</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>♦</b> <sup>2</sup>					
Entertainment Facility	<b>♦</b>	<b>\$</b>						
Financial Institution	<b>♦</b>							
Floatplane Dock and Heliport				*		•		
Fuel Service Station	<b>♦</b> <sup>3</sup>							•
Holiday Park							♦7,11	
Hotel and Motel	•	<b>♦</b>	<b>♦</b>		<b>♦</b> 9			
Indoor Recreation Facility		<b>♦</b>	<b>*</b>		<b>♦</b>			
Inn			<b>♦</b>					
Libraries, Art Galleries, & other Cultural Activities	<b>*</b>	<b>♦</b>	•					
Lodges, Fraternal Organizations and Clubs	<b>*</b>	<b>♦</b>	•					
Marina						•		
Marine Fuel Sales						•		
Neighbourhood Pubs	•	•		•				

	C-1	C-2	C-3	C-4	C-5	C-6	C-7	C-8
	Village	Lakeshore	Mixed Use	Commercial	Tourist	Marine	Holiday Park	Service Station
Office	•	•	•					
Outdoor Recreation						•		
Equipment Rental						•		
Outdoor Recreation Facility					•			
Off Street Parking Area	<b>\$</b> <sup>4</sup>		•					
Parking Garage	•		<b>*</b>					
Personal Service Establishment	•		•	•				
Retail	•	•	<b>*</b>	<b>♦</b>				
Restaurant	<b>♦</b> <sup>5</sup>	<b>♦</b> 5	<b>*</b>	•		•		
ACCESSORY USES	•	•	•	•	•	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	
Convenience Store					•		•	•
Indoor Recreation Facility							•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Outdoor Recreation Facility							•	
Residential Dwelling	<b>♦</b>	•	<b>♦</b> ′	<b>♦</b> ′	♦ 7	<b>♦</b> <sup>7</sup>	♦8,9	
Restaurant					<b>*</b>		•	
Parking Area		•	•	•		•		•
Parking Garage		•	<b>♦</b>					
Lodges, Fraternal Organizations and Clubs	•							
Car Wash								•

### Notes:

- Clinic or an office for medical, dental or similar purposes, including associated laboratory facilities, but not including any such use where the principal services rendered are related to drug or alcohol detoxification or rehabilitation.
- 2. For buildings that mix commercial and residential uses:
  - a) no portion of the first *storey* of a *building* to a depth of 10.7 meters from the front wall of the *building* and extending across its full width shall be used for residential purposes except for entrances to the residential portion; and
  - b) 200 m<sup>2</sup> of *common amenity area* shall be provided with a minimum mean dimension of 6 m and 5 m<sup>2</sup> of *private amenity area* shall be provided for each *dwelling unit*.
- 3. Notwithstanding the list of uses permitted in Section 6.3.1, a *fuel service station* shall be the only use permitted on Lot 7, Plan 251 (200 Hot Springs Road).
- 4. No front yard shall be used for off street parking.
- 5. Not including a drive-in or drive through restaurant.
- 6. An accessory residential dwelling use shall be attached to the principal building and shall have a maximum floor area of 186 m<sup>2</sup>.

- 7. One accessory residential dwelling use shall be permitted for a caretaker, owner, or manager of the principal use, except where the lot is 1.62 hectares or greater in which case one accessory residential dwelling unit shall be permitted for the caretaker and one accessory residential dwelling unit shall be permitted for the owner or manager.
- 8. The *holiday park* shall not be used for occupancy by permanent residents and may only be used as temporary accommodation within recreation vehicles and travel trailers.
- 9. One accessory residential dwelling use shall be permitted for a caretaker, owner, or manager of the principal use, except where the holiday park consists of 80 or more camping spaces in which case one accessory residential dwelling unit shall be permitted for the caretaker and one accessory residential dwelling unit shall be permitted for the owner or manager.
- 10. Camp spaces are not to exceed 50 spaces per hector.

## (2) DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS PRINCIPLE BUILDING

	C-1	C-2	C-3	C-4	C-5	C-6	C-7	C-8
	Village	Lakeshore	Mixed Use	Commercial	Tourist	Marine	Holiday Park	Service Station
Minimum Lot Size (m²)	464	464	See Note 14	464	See Note 7	600	16,200	925
Minimum Lot Width (m)	20	20	20	20	20	30	40	30
Maximum Density (units/ha)	100	100 <sup>5</sup>	100	N/A	See Note 8	N/A	See Note 11	N/A
Maximum Floor Area Ratio	1.5	1.25	1.5	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Maximum Lot Coverage (%)	75	75	100	60	60	60	60 <sup>12</sup>	40
Minimum Setbacks (m)								See Note 6
Front Set back	01, 3	01,3	See Note 15	7.5	4.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Rear Set Back	0 <sup>2</sup>	0 <sup>2</sup>	See Note 16	6	6	6	4	6
Interior Side lot line setback	03	03	See Note 17	3.6	3.6 <sup>9</sup>	3.6	4	3
Exterior Side lot line setback	0 <sup>2</sup>	0 <sup>2</sup>	See Note 18	3.6	3.6	3.6	4	6
Maximum Height (m)	15 <sup>4</sup>	15⁴	15⁴	6.5	10 <sup>10</sup>	12	10	6.5
Off-Street Parking			Α	s per Section VI	1 <sup>13</sup>			

## Notes:

- 1. The front lot line for all lots with frontages on:
  - a) both Esplanade and Lillooet Avenues shall deemed to be on Esplanade Avenue; and
  - b) both Cedar and Lillooet Avenues shall deemed to be on Lillooet. Ave.
- 2. A *setback* of 7.5 meters shall be required in cases where the abutting *lot* is within a residential *zone*.
- 3. A setback of 3.6 meters shall be required for any storey above the first storey.
- 4. The maximum *height* for the *principal building* shall not exceed 15 meters or 4 storeys whichever is lesser.
- 5. The maximum *density* of 100 per hectare may be increased to a maximum of 120 units per hectare and an associated increase in the *Floor Area Ratio* in accordance with the following:
  - a) 2 units per hectare for each dwelling unit which caters to the disabled; or
  - b) 5 units per hectare where a minimum of 5 of the units are affordable housing units.
- 6. Gasoline service pumps or pump islands, and propane tanks and dispensing equipment shall be sited not less than 6 meters from any *lot line* and a fuel pump canopy shall be sited not less than 4.5 meters from any *lot line*.

- 7. Minimum lot sizes:
  - -925 m<sup>2</sup> for motel or indoor recreation facility;
  - -1.62 ha for a campground, trailer park, or outdoor recreation facility;
  - -1.72 ha for a combination motel / campground or trailer park.
- 8. The maximum density shall be 50 camping spaces per ha. or 50 motel units per ha.
- 9. The setback shall be increased to 6 meters in case where the abutting *lot* is within a residential *zone*.
- 10. The maximum *height* shall be 10 meters or 2 *storeys* whichever is the lesser.
- 11. The maximum *density* shall be 50 *camping spaces* per ha with community water and sewer and 35 *camping spaces* per hectare without community water and sewer.
- 12. Common outdoor recreation, amusement, and sports amenity structures and areas shall be less than 10% of the lot area.
- 13. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with this bylaw. See Section VII (seven), Off-street Parking, of this bylaw.
- 14. Minimum lot sizes:
  - -925 m<sup>2</sup> for hotels and motels
  - -1,500 m<sup>2</sup> for mixed multi-family and commercial uses
  - -464 m<sup>2</sup> (5,000sq.ft) for other permitted uses
- 15. Minimum setback for front parcel lines:
  - -first storey, except motels is 0 metres;
  - -above one storey, except motels is 3.6 metres;
  - -motels is 7.5 metres.
- 16. Minimum setbacks for rear parcel lines:
  - -abutting other zone is 0 metres;
  - -above one storey is 3.6 metres;
  - -abutting residential zone is 6 metres.
- 17. Minimum setbacks for interior side parcel lines:
  - -first storev is 0 metres:
  - -above one storey is 3.6 metres;
  - -abutting residential zone is 6 metres.
- 18. Minimum setbacks for exterior side parcel lines:
  - -abutting other zone is 0 metres;
  - -abutting residential zone is 6 metres.

## (3) DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

	C-1 Village	C-2 Lakeshore	C-3 Mixed	C-4 Commercial	C-5 Tourist	C-6 Marine	C-7 Holiday	C-8 Service
			Use				Park	Station
Maximum Number	1	1	0	1	1 per 10 units <sup>1</sup>	0	1	1
Maximum Size (m²)	N/A³	N/A³	N/A³	N/A <sup>3</sup>	N/A³	N/A³	N/A³	See Note 2 and 3
Maximum Height (m)	5	5	N/A	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Front Lot Line Setback (m)	0	0	N/A	7.5	7.5	7.5	N/A	0
Rear Lot Line Setback (m)	0	0	N/A	6	6	6	N/A	0
Exterior Side Lot Line Setback (m)	0	0	N/A	3.6	3.6	3.6	N/A	0
Interior Lot Line Setback (m)	0	0	N/A	3.6	3.6	3.6	N/A	0

- 1. Only one *dwelling unit* will be permitted for the owner, manager or caretaker, except where the developed *site* area of the permitted use is 1.62 hectares or more in which case one *dwelling unit* will be permitted for the owner or manager and 1 *dwelling unit* will be permitted for the caretaker.
- 2. Maximum dwelling unit area for the owner, manager or caretaker is 125 m<sup>2</sup>.
- 3. Must be contained within the maximum lot coverage provisions.

## .4) INSTITUTIONAL ZONES

## (1) COMMUNITY AND INSTITUTIONAL - P-1

## (1.1) Permitted Uses

- (1) Accessory Buildings
- (2) Accessory Single Family Residential
- (3) Accessory Uses
- (4) Church
- (5) Community Centre
- (6) Libraries, Art Galleries, and other Cultural Buildings
- (7) Hall and Auditoriums
- (8) Indoor/outdoor Recreation Facility
- (9) Hospital
- (10) Park or playground, beaches, and tennis courts
- (11) Parking Area
- (12) Parking Garage
- (13) Public Utility
- (14) Public School

## (1.2) Conditions for Permitted Land Uses

(1) One accessory residential dwelling unit use shall be permitted for a caretaker of the principal use.

COLUMN 1	COLUMN II
PRINCIPAL BUILDING	
Minimum Parcel Area	500 m <sup>2</sup>
Minimum Parcel Width	20 metres
Maximum Size	n/a
Maximum Height	15 m
Front Lot Line Setback	6 metres
Rear Lot Line Setback	6 metres
Exterior Side Lot Line Setback	6 metres
Interior Side Lot line Setback	6 metres
Off-Street Parking	Off-street parking spaces shall be provided in accordance with this Bylaw.

ACCESSORY BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES	
Maximum Number	n/a
Maximum Height	4.5 metres
Front Lot Line Setback	6 metres
Rear Lot Line Setback	6 metres
Exterior Lot Line Setback	6 metres
Interior Lot Line Setback	6 metres

#### (2) WATERFRONT - W-1

#### (2.1) Permitted Uses

- (1) Accessory Buildings
- (2) Accessory Residential
- (3) Accessory Uses
- (4) Boating, boat rentals, charter/leasing and boat launching;
- (5) Hiking trails, picnic sites, viewing areas;
- (6) Marina
- (7) Marine fuel sales;
- (8) Moorage facilities for marine craft;
- (9) Parks, swimming and beach areas;
- (10) Private floats, wharves piers and walkways necessary for water access to property immediately abutting the foreshore lying within municipal boundaries;
- (11) Public washrooms;
- (12) Refreshment vending;
- (13) Outdoor recreation equipment rentals;

#### 14 Accessory Uses

- (14) one *dwelling unit* for a caretaker or watchman in conjunction with a moorage facility for marine craft;
- (15) parking areas;
- (16) accessory buildings and structures

#### (2.2) Conditions for Permitted Land Uses

(1) One accessory residential dwelling unit use shall be permitted for a caretaker, owner, or manager of the principal use.

COLUMN 1	COLUMNII
PRINCIPAL BUILDING	
Minimum Lot Size	600 m <sup>2</sup>
Maximum Number	1
Maximum Lot Coverage	60%
Minimum Lot Width	30 metres
Maximum Height	10 m
Front Lot Line Setback	7.5 metres
Rear Lot Line Setback	0 metres
Exterior Lot Line Setback	6 metres
Interior Lot line Setback	3 metres Off-street parking spaces shall be provided in

Off-Street Parking and Loading	accordance with this Bylaw.
ACCESSORY BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES	
Maximum Number	1
Maximum Height	4.5 metres
Front Lot Line Setback	n/a
Rear Lot Line Setback	n/a
Exterior Lot Line Setback	n/a
Interior Lot Line Setback	n/a

#### (3) **VILLAGE RESERVE – VR-1**

# (3.1) Permitted Land Uses (1) Accessory Buildings

- (2) Accessory Residential (3) Accessory Uses
- (4) Agriculture

(3.2) Conditions for Permitted Land Uses

(1) One accessory residential dwelling unit use shall be permitted for a caretaker, owner, or manager of the principal use.

COLUMN 1	COLUMN II
PRINCIPAL BUILDING	
Minimum Lot Size	600 m <sup>2</sup>
Maximum Number	1
Minimum Lot Width	30 metres
Maximum <i>Lot</i> Coverage	60%
Maximum Height	10 m
Front Lot Line Setback	7.5 metres
Rear Lot Line Setback	7.5 metres
Exterior Lot Line Setback	7.5 metres
Interior Lot line Setback	7.5 metres
Off-Street Parking and Loading	Off-street parking spaces shall be provided in accordance with this Bylaw.
ACCESSORY BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES	
Maximum Number	n/a
Maximum Size	n/a
Maximum Height	4.5 metres
Front Lot Line Setback	7.5 metres
Rear Lot Line Setback	7.5 metres
Exterior Lot Line Setback Interior Lot Line Setback	7.5 metres 7.5 metres

## (4) RESOURCE RESERVE – RR

#### .1) Intent

The intent of the RR *zone* is to provide for outdoor recreation use and the protection of natural areas. Lands within this *zone* include upland, forested or water areas with physical limitations to development due to natural hazards, or wildlife, scenic or historic values.

#### .2) Permitted Uses

The following uses and no others are permitted in the RR zone:

#### Principal Uses

- .1 boating, boat rentals, swimming, boat charters, boat leasing;
- .2 hiking trails and bridges, picnic sites, viewing areas;
- .3 special *structures* to stabilize the land, vegetation, or to enhance water quantity or quality;
- .4 special structures to serve the needs of fish or wildlife;

#### Accessory Uses

- .5 one single family dwelling;
- .6 parking area;
- .7 accessory buildings and structures

#### .3) Regulations

On a parcel zoned RR, no building or structure will be constructed, located or altered and no plan of subdivision will be approved which contravenes the regulations set out in the following table in which Column I sets out the matter to be regulated and Column II sets out the regulations.

	COLUMNI	COLUMN II
.1	Minimum Parcel Area	8 hectare
.2	Minimum Setback	
	<ul> <li>Front parcel line</li> </ul>	7.5 metres
	• Interior parcel line	7.5 metres
	Exterior side parcel line	7.5 metres
	• Rear parcel line	7.5 metres
.3	Maximum Number of principal buildings	1 single detached dwelling per parcel
.4	Parking and Loading	As required by Bylaw

#### (5) COMPREHENSIVE DEVELOPMENT ZONE ONE - CD-1

#### .1) Intent

This zone is intended to provide for a high density mixed use building which will accommodate a combination of residential units and increased commercial space that complements the business and resort oriented uses of the Village Centre.

New development zoned CD-1 will be required to obtain a Development Permit as per the Official Community Plan.

#### .2) Permitted Uses

The following uses and no others are permitted in the CD-1 zone:

#### Principal Uses

- .1 Hotel and motel;
- .2 Offices;
- .3 Restaurant;
- .4 Retail store;
- .5 Indoor recreation facility;
- .6 Personal services establishment;
- .7 Business services establishment;
- .8 Medical and dental clinics;
- .9 Family Daycare facility;
- .10 Convenience stores;
- .11 Entertainment facility;
- .12 Financial institutions;
- .13 Multi-family dwelling.

#### Accessory Uses

- .1 Accessory Home Occupation Type I;
- .2 Parking area:
- .3 Parking garage.

#### .3) Conditions on Use

- .1 All permitted uses shall be connected to the Village of Harrison Hot Springs community water system and sanitary sewer system.
  - .2 Multi-family dwellings use must:
    - (a) Be located above the first floor;
    - (b) Have entrances leading directly to the street and the separate entrances shall be divided from other uses by walls;
    - (c) Provide common amenity areas of no less that 300m<sup>2</sup> and have a minimum dimension of 6 metres;
    - (d) Provide private amenity areas of no less than 5 m<sup>2</sup> for each dwelling unit

#### .3) Regulations

On a parcel zoned CD-1, no building or structure will be constructed, located or altered and no plan of subdivision will be approved which contravenes the regulations set out in the following table in which Column I sets out the matter to be regulated and Column II sets out the regulations.

COLUMN 1	COLUMN II
Minimum Parcel Area	0.3 of a hectare
Minimum Parcel Width	40 metres
Minimum Setback – all parcel lines	
<ul><li>First storey</li><li>Second storey and above</li></ul>	0 metres 3.0 metres
Maximum Parcel Coverage	100%
Maximum Residential Density	173 units per hectare
Maximum Floor Area Density	1.83
Maximum Building Height	7 storeys or 25 metres, whichever is lesser
Parking and Loading	As required per Section 5

## .4) Special Regulations

New development zoned CD-1 will be required to meet the density bonusing and amenity contributions provisions set out for the Village Centre Area as per the Official Community Plan.

#### RESIDENTIAL RESERVE - RSR (6)

- (1) Permitted Land Uses
  (1) Accessory Buildings
  (2) Accessory Uses
  (3) Single Detached Dwelling
  (4) Home Occupation

COLUMN 1	COLUMN II
PRINCIPAL BUILDING	
Maximum Number	1
Maximum <i>Lot</i> Coverage	10%
Minimum Lot Size	8000 m <sup>2</sup>
Minimum Lot Width	60 metres
Maximum Height	10.0 m
Front Lot Line Setback	10.0 metres
Rear Lot Line Setback	10.0 metres
Exterior Lot Line Setback	7.5 metres
Interior Lot line Setback	5 metres
Off-Street Parking and Loading	Off-street parking spaces shall be provided in accordance with this Bylaw.
ACCESSORY BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES	
Maximum Number	n/a
Maximum Size	n/a
Maximum Height	5 metres
Front Lot Line Setback	15 metres
Rear Lot Line Setback	3 metres
Exterior Lot Line Setback	7.5 metres
Interior Lot Line Setback	3 metres

#### VII OFF-STREET PARKING

#### .1) Application of Regulations

Space for the off-street parking and loading of motor vehicles in respect of a *use* permitted under this bylaw shall be provided and maintained in accordance with this section.

#### .2) Exemption of Existing Buildings from Parking and Loading Requirements

The regulations contained in this section will not apply to *buildings*, *structures* and *uses* existing on the effective date of this Bylaw except that:

- (1) Off-street parking and loading must be provided and maintained in accordance with this section for any addition to any existing building or structure or any change or addition to an existing use;
- (2) Off-street parking and loading provided prior to the adoption of this Bylaw shall not be reduced below the applicable off-street parking and loading requirement of this section.

#### .3) Required Number of Spaces

- (1) The number of off-street parking spaces for motor vehicles required for any uses calculated according to Table 1 of this Bylaw in which Column I classifies the types of uses and Column II sets out the number of required off-street parking spaces or loading spaces that are to be provided for each use in Column;
- (2) in respect of a *use* permitted under this Bylaw which is not specifically referred to in Column I of Tables 1 and 2 the number of off-street *parking spaces* and loading spaces is calculated on the basis of the requirements for a similar *use* as determined by *the Chief Administrative Officer* that is listed in Table I and Table 2;
- (3) Where the calculation of the required off-street *parking spaces* and loading spaces results in a fraction, the number of *parking space* or loading space will be rounded to the nearest whole number.
- (4) For the purposes of calculating off-street parking requirements, "gross floor area" is as defined in Section 2, but excludes basement storage spaces and utility areas.
- (5) Where more than one *use* is located on a *parcel*, the total number of *parking spaces* or loading spaces to be required shall be the total of the requirements for all *uses* on the *parcel*;

- (6) Where more than one use is located in a building, the total number of parking spaces and loading spaces to be required may recognize the mixed use and the required number of spaces based on the uses, the area of the building dedicated to each use, the parking requirements generated by each use, and the peak and off times for the parking requirements for each use.
- (7) Where more than one standard may apply to a *use*, the standard requiring the greatest number of *parking spaces* shall be used.
- (8) Where the number of parking spaces is determined per person is applied the total number of persons shall be according to the maximum occupancy load established under the BC Building Code.
- (9) Off-street loading as required by this section shall not be credited against the requirements for off-street parking, and off-street vehicle parking space must not be credited against the requirements for off-street loading.
- (10) No off-street parking space or off-street loading space shall be used for any other purpose than parking, or loading, or unloading, respectively, as required by this bylaw.

#### 4.) Location

- (1) For uses in Residential zones, off-street parking spaces shall be located on the same parcel as the use they serve. If it is Multi-Family residential, provisions of Section 3 may apply subject to the parking being within 150m of the building.
- (2) For uses in zones other than Residential zones, if sufficient off-street parking spaces cannot be provided on the same parcel as the use they serve, the required off-street parking spaces may be located on another parcel within 150 metres of the building or use the spaces serve.
- (3) If parking is not located on the same parcel as the parcel these spaces serve, a restrictive covenant, pursuant to Section 215 of the Land Title Act, will be registered. The covenant must be registered against the titles of the parcel on which the use is located, and the parcel that contains the parking spaces and must be in favour of the Municipality, to ensure that:
  - (a) off-street parking spaces are constructed and maintained to the standards specified in this Bylaw, and

- are constructed in conjunction with *development* of the land;
- (b) the use is not commenced or continued if the *parking* spaces are not provided; and,
- (c) the *land* on which the *parking spaces* are provided must be used for that purpose.
- (4) Off-street loading spaces will be located on the same spaces as the use they serve.
- (5) Every off-street *parking space* and loading space will have at all times convenient vehicular access to a *highway*.
- (6) No off-street *parking space* or loading space must be located less than 1.5 metres from any *parcel* line.

#### 5.) Cash in Lieu

(1) An owner of land, a building or structure that is being developed within the Municipality may, at their option, pay to the Municipality the sum of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) per required parking space up to a maximum of 10% of the number of parking spaces required, in lieu of providing off-street parking spaces. These funds collected by the Municipality are to be used for transportation and/or parking improvements and/or studies.

#### 6.) Size and Standards

- (1) Each off-street *parking space*, other than a parallel parking space, required by this Bylaw will not be less than 2.6 metres in width, 5.5 metres in length and 2.1 metres in height.
- (2) Each off-street parallel *parking space* shall not be less than 3.0 metres in width, 7.0 metres in length (except 5.5 metres in length for an end space), and 2.1 metres in height.
- (3) Adequate provision shall be made for individual entry or exit by vehicles to all *parking spaces* at all times by means of unobstructed manoeuvring aisles, having widths not less than:
  - (a) 6.0 metres for residential, church, school
  - (b) 7.5 metres for commercial or other institutional

- (4) One-way cross aisles shall have a minimum width of 4.0 metres. Two-way cross aisles shall have a minimum width of 7.0 metres. Cross aisles are traffic corridors connecting manoeuvring aisles.
- (5) All parking areas and loading areas shall be provided with adequate curbs in order to retain all vehicles within such permitted parking areas, and to ensure that fences, walls, hedges or landscaped areas, as well as buildings, will be protected from vehicles.
- (6) Except for single detached dwellings and duplex dwellings, all parking areas and loading areas must be surfaced in a way that is durable and dust-free, and must be graded and drained as to properly dispose of all surface water.
- (7) Within an off-street parking area, all areas intended for vehicular access, parking and loading must be clearly delineated and separated from areas intended for pedestrian access and movements, and all required off-street parking spaces and loading spaces must be clearly marked on the ground by painted lines.
- (8) All off-street parking areas required for commercial, multi-family dwelling, institutional, and assembly uses must be screened from view from an adjacent residential use, except at points of entry and exit, by screening as provide in this Bylaw.
- (9) For all uses, buildings and structures where the total number of off-street parking spaces required under this Bylaw is greater than 15 spaces, and for all parking areas which are not located on the same parcel as the building or use which they serve, adequate illumination of parking areas must be provided.
- (10) Any lighting used to illuminate *parking area* or loading area or *parking garage* must be so arranged that all direct rays of light are reflected upon such parking or parking garage, and not on any nearby premises, residences or *highways*.
- (11) Every off-street parking area containing more than 10 off-street parking spaces must be provided with a bicycle storage rack with provision for the storage of not less than 5 bicycles for every 10 parking spaces.

#### .7) Parking for Physically Disabled Persons

(1) For a commercial use where twenty-six (26) or more off-street *parking* spaces are required, a proportion of the required spaces shall be provided for physically disabled persons, such spaces to be in accordance with the following table:

Required Parking Spaces	Spaces for the Disabled
1-25	1
26-75	2
76-125	3
Over 126	3 spaces plus one space for every 100 required spaces in excess of 200

- (2) Required off-street *parking spaces* for physically disabled persons shall not be less than 4.2 metres in width.
- (3) Required off-street *parking spaces* for physically disabled persons shall be clearly designated "FOR USE OF DISABLED PERSONS ONLY".
- (4) Required off-street *parking spaces* for physically disable persons shall be constructed and located so as to permit convenient access to a *building* entrance.

#### .8) Parking or Storage of Vehicles

In residential zones, no more than the number and type of vehicles set out below will be parked or stored on one *parcel*;

- Four vehicles, one of which may be a truck or school bus not exceeding 4,500 kilograms gross vehicle weight or one horse trailer or camper or recreation vehicle: and
- One boat and boat trailer.

#### .9) Ministry of Transportation and Highways Standards

Development requiring access to or from a provincial highway may have to comply with the Ministry of Transportation and Highway's standards as a condition of obtaining a highway access permit.

#### TABLE 1

#### REQUIRED OFF-STREET PARKING SPACES

#### COLUMN I Class of Building

Ambulance Station

Amusement Arcade

Animal Hospital

Appliance Service/Repair Shop

Automobile Service/Repair Shop

Barber Shop

Bed and Breakfast

Boat Launch

Bowling Alley/Green

Campground

Cemetery

Church/Place of Worship

Community Care Facility, Non-Residential

Community Care Facility, Residential

Family Daycare Facility

Dental Office or Clinic

Dry Cleaning Shop

Duplex

Equipment Sales and Rental Store

Financial Institution

Fire Station

Fuel Service Station

Funeral Home

#### COLUMN II Required Number of Spaces

1 and 1 per bay

1 per 40 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

4 per veterinarian

1 per 40 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

1.5 per bay

1 per 20 m<sup>2</sup> of *gross floor area* or 2 per employee

1 per guest room

15 per 6 m of boat launch ramp width. Each space will be 3 m wide by 9 m deep.

3 per lane

1 per camping space

1 per 200 graves

1 per 8 seating places

1 per 40 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

1 per 3 beds and 1 per 2 employees

1 per employee and drop off area

1 per 20 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area or 4 per dentist

1 per 40 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

1 per dwelling unit

1 per 70 m<sup>2</sup> of *gross floor area* and 1 per 400 m<sup>2</sup> display area and 2 per parts dept.

1 per 30 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

3 per bay

1 per 40 m<sup>2</sup> of *gross floor area* and 1 per 2 fuel or propane pumps

1 per 8 seating places in chapel

#### COLUMN I Class of Building

Hair Salon

Holiday Park

Hotel

Laboratory
Laundromat
Liquor Store

Lodging House/Hotel

Marina

Medical Office or Clinic

Miniature Golf

Mini-Storage Facility

Motel

Multi-Family Dwelling

Neighbourhood Pub Nightclub

Office

Post Office
Public Assembly Facility
Pool Table/Billiard Facility

COLUMN II Required Number of Spaces

1 per 20 m<sup>2</sup> of *gross floor area* or 2 per employee

1 per recreational vehicle space and 1 per 2 employees

1 per guest room and 1 per 8 seats in a restaurant or bar and 1 per 10 m<sup>2</sup> (108 ft<sup>2</sup>) of banquet or dance floor area and 1 per 3 employees (on each shift).

1 per 40 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

1 per 2 washing machines

1 per 30 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

1 per 2 beds or 1 per sleeping unit

1 per 2 berths

1 per 20 m<sup>2</sup> gross floor area or 4 per doctor

1 per hole

1 per 100 m<sup>2</sup> of *gross floor area* with a minimum

of 5 spaces

1 per guest room and 1 per 8 seats in cafe, restaurant or bar and 1 per 10 m<sup>2</sup> (108 ft<sup>2</sup>) banquet or dance floor area and 1 per 3 employees (on each shift)

1 per 1 bedroom unit, 1.5 per 2 bedroom unit, 2 per 3 bedroom unit, and 0.2 spaces per *dwelling unit* for visitor parking.

1 per 5 seats

1 per 5 seats

1 per 30 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

1 per 30 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

1 per 8 seats or persons

1 per table

#### COLUMN I Class of Building

Racquet Court

Recreational Facility, Indoor

Rental Shop

Restaurant

Restaurant, Take-Out

Retail Store

Riding Stable

School, Kindergarten/Elementary

School, Secondary

Secondary Suite

Service/Repair of Small Items

Single Detached Dwelling

Supermarket

ı neatre

Travel Agent

Warehouse/Storage Facility

#### COLUMN II Required Number of Spaces

1 per court

1 per 8 seats or persons

1 per 40 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

1 per 5 seats

2 per cash drawer

1 per 30 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

1 per stall

1 per employee

1 per employee and 1 per 10 students

1 per suite

1 per 40 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

1 per dwelling

1 per 30 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

1 per 10 seats

1 per 20 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area or 2 per

1 per 180 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area

## .10) Off-street Loading

- (1) No use may be undertaken in any *zone* unless the off-street loading requirements in this Bylaw have been met for that use.
- (2) Each off-street loading space must not be less than 9.0 metres in length,3.0 metres in width and provide no less than 4.0 metres of vertical clearance.
- (3) Any loading space and access to it within the same *parcel* must be located as not to interfere with street traffic, pedestrian traffic or customer parking.

TABLE 2
REQUIRED OFF-STREET LOADING SPACES

COLUMN I Use	COLUMN II Required Number of Spaces
Commercial  Buildings which have less than 500 m <sup>2</sup> of <i>gross floor area</i>	1
<ul> <li>Buildings which have between 500 m<sup>2</sup> to 2,000 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area</li> </ul>	2
<ul> <li>Buildings which have more than 2,000 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area</li> </ul>	3
Institutional	
<ul> <li>Buildings which have less than 2,800 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area</li> <li>Buildings which have 2,800 m<sup>2</sup> or more gross floor area</li> </ul>	1
Buildings which have 2,000 in St fillers group host area	2
Residential  • For every 2,000 m <sup>2</sup> of <i>gross floor area</i> used for apartment units or townhouse units	1

# Schedule A Zoning Map

(To be included later)